

Supplementary material

Table S1. Number of women by centre and number of surgeons involved in the registry between February 2017 and August 2018.

Centre	Registry opened	Eligible N	Registered N (%)	Surgeon n	Mean volume by surgeon N/n (range)
A	February 2017	154	146 (94.8)	12	12.2 (1–34)
B	March 2017	140	125 (89.3)	3	41.7 (1–106)
C	February 2017	133	96 (72.2)	4	24.0 (5–37)
D	April 2017	255	193 (75.7)	3	31.0 (6–137)
E	May 2017	459	365 (79.5)	12	30.4 (1–143)
F	May 2017	386	359 (93.0)	19	18.9 (1–98)
G	July 2017	301	231 (76.7)	12	19.2 (1–138)
H	August 2017	273	158 (57.9)	13	12.2 (1–35)
I	July 2017	93	85 (91.4)	4	21.2 (1–77)
J	December 2017	160	94 (58.8)	5	18.8 (5–30)
K	May 2018	12	12 (100)	4	3 (1–8)
L	June 2018	9	9 (100)	3	3 (1–5)

Table S2. Serious complications (n=31) associated with MUS surgery (N=811). Logistic multivariate analysis adjusted on age, smoking, and previous SUI or POP surgery.

Surgical procedures	aOR, 95% CI	<i>P</i>
Retropubic	1	
MUS type Transobturator	0.55, 0.23–1.35	0.20
Single-incision	0.34, 0.09–1.23	0.34
Concomitant hysterectomy	0.28, 0.04–2.20	0.23
Concomitant POP surgery	2.12, 0.88–5.12	0.09

MUS: midurethral sling; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; POP: pelvic organ prolapse.

Table S3. Serious complications (n=21) associated with POP surgery (N=1215). Logistic multivariate analysis adjusted on age, smoking, and previous SUI or POP surgery.

Surgical procedures	aOR, 95% CI	<i>P</i>
Type of POP surgery Laparoscopic with mesh	0.67, 0.16–2.80	0.58
Vaginal native tissue repair	1	
Transvaginal mesh	2.18, 0.58–6.22	0.25
Concomitant hysterectomy	0.67, 0.18–2.47	0.55
Concomitant MUS	0.67, 0.15–3.01	0.60

MUS: midurethral sling; SUI: stress urinary incontinence; POP: pelvic organ prolapse.