

Table 1: Portal glucose balance studies in humans

Reference	Conditions of study	Expression of data	Central blood	Portal blood	Significance
<u>obese diabetics :</u>					
Hayes et al, 2011	during surgery	Glucose (mM)	11.4 \pm 0.6	11.6 \pm 1.6	NS
	6 days post-bypass 8h of fasting	Glucose (mM)	6.5 \pm 0.7	6.5 \pm 0.6	NS
<u>obese non-diabetics :</u>					
	during surgery	Glucose (mM)	6.5 \pm 0.3	6.5 \pm 0.3	NS
	6 days post-bypass 8h of fasting	Glucose (mM)	4.0 \pm 0.2	4.2 \pm 0.2	P<0.0001
Battezzati et al, 2004	an-hepatic phase of liver transplantation	glucose increase in portal blood vs arterial blood (mg/dL)		+ 1.9 \pm 1.2	NS

Table 2: Arterio-portal venous glucose balance studies in rodents

Reference	Conditions of study	Expression of data	Arterial blood	Portal blood	Significance	Intestinal glucose production
Troy et al, 2008	<u>6h-fasted obese mice:</u>					
	before bypass	Glucose (mM)	9.6 ± 1.2	9.0 ± 1.1	P<0.05	Not detectable
Mithieux et al, 2005	<u>6h-fasted rat:</u>					
	fed with starch-diet	Glucose (mM)	9.3 ± 0.6	8.6 ± 0.5	P<0.05	Not detectable
Duraffourd et al, 2012	<u>fed with high protein-diet (3 days)</u>	Glucose (mM)	9.4 ± 0.3	9.5 ± 0.2	NS	About 20% of EGP
	<u>8h-fasted rat:</u>					
	saline	Glucose (mM)	9.5 ± 0.1	9.1 ± 0.2	P<0.05	Not detectable
	μ-opioid antagonist	Glucose (mM)	9.4 ± 0.4	9.3 ± 0.3	NS	About 25% of EGP

*, EGP: endogenous glucose production