

Table 1—Clinical and biological characteristics [means (standard deviation)] of the study population across place of residence, stratified on gender:

| | Women | | | | Men | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | Rural | Urban | France | P* | Rural | Urban | France | P* |
| N | 362 | 472 | 2101 | | 245 | 392 | 2084 | |
| Age (years) | 45.8 (12.9) ^a | 36.8 (8.9) ^{a,b} | 45.3 (9.7) ^b | 0.001 | 45.7 (13.8) ^a | 37.4 (9.0) ^{a,b} | 45.2 (9.6) ^b | 0.001 |
| Weight (kg) | 57.2 (9.2) ^{a,b} | 67.6 (10.9) ^{a,c} | 60.0 (9.3) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 63.7 (10.2) ^{a,b} | 73.7 (11.9) ^{a,c} | 74.9 (10.1) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |
| Height (cm) | 160.5 (6.5) ^a | 161.4 (5.7) ^{a,b} | 160.0 (6.0) ^b | 0.004 | 170.4 (7.6) ^{a,b} | 172.4 (6.9)a | 173.1 (6.4) ^b | 0.001 |
| Body mass Index (kg/m ²) | 22.1 (3.0) ^{a,b} | 26.0 (3.9) ^{a,c} | 23.4 (3.5) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 21.8 (2.7) ^{a,b} | 24.8 (3.5)a | 25.0 (3.0) ^b | 0.001 |
| Waist circumference (cm) | 82.0 (8.5) ^{a,b} | 83.2 (8.9) ^{a,c} | 75.6 (9.3) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 80.7 (8.4) ^{a,b} | 81.3 (8.6) ^{a,c} | 88.4 (8.8) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |
| Hip circumference (cm) | 91.5 (8.1) ^{a,b} | 102.7 (8.4) ^{a,c} | 96.3 (7.6) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 89.7 (7.1) ^{a,b} | 98.1 (7.7) ^{a,c} | 96.9 (6.0) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |
| Waist to hip ratio | 0.90 (0.1)a,b | 0.78 (0.06)a | 0.78 (0.06)b | 0.001 | 0.90 (0.09)a | 0.85 (0.05)a,b | 0.91 (0.06)b | 0.001 |
| Systolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 114.5 (19.0) ^{a,b} | 111.8 (12.9) ^{a,c} | 124.1 (14.3) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 120.1 (16.7)a | 120.2 (16.1) ^b | 131.0 (13.4) ^{a,b} | 0.001 |
| Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 70.8 (11.5) ^{a,b} | 73.2 (10.0) ^{a,c} | 76.2 (8.9) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 73.3 (11.2) ^{a,b} | 79.3 (11.0) ^{a,c} | 80.8 (9.0) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |
| Mean arterial pressure (mmHg) | 85.4 (13.0)a | 86.0 (10.2)b | 92.2 (10.0)a,b | 0.001 | 88.9 (11.9)a,b | 93.0 (11.9)a,c | 97.5 (9.6)b,c | 0.001 |
| Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/l) | 4.4 (1.1) ^a | 4.2 (0.8) ^b | 5.0 (0.7) ^{a,b} | 0.001 | 4.1 (1.5) ^a | 4.2 (1.4) ^b | 5.4 (0.7) ^{a,b} | 0.001 |
| Fasting triglycerides (mmol/l) | 0.5 (1.4) ^{a,b} | 0.4 (1.5) ^{a,c} | 0.8 (1.6) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 0.5 (1.5) ^a | 0.5 (1.6) ^b | 1.1 (1.7) ^{a,b} | 0.001 |
| Fasting total cholesterol (mmol/l) | 2.6 (0.7) ^{a,b} | 3.6 (0.8) ^{a,c} | 5.6 (1.0) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 2.5 (0.6) ^{a,b} | 3.4 (0.9) ^{a,c} | 5.8 (1.0) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |
| HOMA-IR | 0.5 (2.2) ^{a,b} | 1.0 (2.0) ^{a,c} | 1.2 (1.7) ^{b,c} | 0.001 | 0.3 (2.0) ^{a,b} | 0.8 (2.2) ^{a,c} | 1.3 (1.8) ^{b,c} | 0.001 |

HOMA-IR and fasting triglycerides where logarithmically transformed before computing the statistical tests.

^{a,b,c}: in each gender, pairs with the same alphabetic letter in each gender are significantly different with significance level p < 0.01.

* P for ANOVA.

Table 2—Changes in obesity related abnormalities (beta coefficients, univariate analysis) for a 5 cm increase in waist circumference, by place of residence and gender:

| | Rural Cameroon | Urban Cameroon | France | P for difference of slopes |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|----------------------------|
| Women | | | | |
| Systolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 1.65*** | 2.62*** | 2.43*** | 0.2 |
| Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 0.63** | 1.95***C | 1.28***Y | 0.001 |
| Mean arterial pressure (mmHg) | 0.97** | 2.17*** | 1.65*** | 0.10 |
| HOMA-IR | 0.05** | 0.11***A | 0.14***X | 0.001 |
| Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/l) | -0.02 | 0.05* | 0.09***Y | 0.001 |
| Fasting cholesterol (mmol/l) | 0.04 | 0.07** | 0.11***Z | 0.04 |
| Fasting triglycerides (mmol/l) | 0.01 | 0.06***B | 0.11***Z | 0.001 |
| Men | | | | |
| Systolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 2.95*** | 3.61*** | 2.39***Y | 0.01 |
| Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 1.44*** | 2.56***C | 1.49***Y | 0.001 |
| Mean arterial pressure (mmHg) | 1.94*** | 2.91*** | 1.79*** | 0.08 |
| HOMA-IR | 0.14*** | 0.18*** | 0.17*** | 0.2 |
| Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/l) | -0.01 | 0.09***B | 0.10*** | 0.01 |
| Fasting cholesterol (mmol/l) | 0.06** | 0.10*** | 0.13***Z | 0.001 |
| Fasting triglycerides (mmol/l) | 0.03* | 0.09***B | 0.13***Z | 0.001 |

Results are from regression models for each of SBP, DBP, HOMA-IR, logarithm of fasting plasma glucose, total cholesterol and logarithm fasting triglycerides with waist circumference.

For the significance of each slope compared to zero slope in each model, * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p < 0.001.

For the comparison of slopes between urban and rural Cameroon, A = p<0.05; B = p<0.01; C = p < 0.001.

For the comparison of slopes between urban Cameroon and France, X = p<0.05; Y = p<0.01; Z = p < 0.001.

Table 3—Changes in obesity related abnormalities (beta coefficients, univariate analysis) for a 0.10 increase in waist to hip ratio, by place of residence and gender:

| | Rural Cameroon | Urban Cameroon | France | P for difference of slopes |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|----------------------------|
| Women | | | | |
| Systolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 0.40 | 0.48***C | 0.56*** | 0.001 |
| Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg) | -0.43 | 0.34***C | 0.29*** | 0.001 |
| Mean arterial pressure (mmHg) | -0.15 | 0.39***C | 0.38*** | 0.001 |
| HOMA-IR | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.47***Y | 0.001 |
| Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/l) | 0.003 | 0.02 | 0.040*** | 0.001 |
| Fasting cholesterol (mmol/l) | -0.04 | 0.007 | 0.28***Z | 0.001 |
| Fasting triglycerides (mmol/l) | 0.03 | 0.16***C | 0.29***Z | 0.001 |
| Men | | | | |
| Systolic blood pressure (mmHg) | 0.21 | 0.72***B | 0.55*** | 0.002 |
| Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg) | -0.55 | 0.41***C | 0.36*** | 0.001 |
| Mean arterial pressure (mmHg) | 0.32 | 0.51***C | 0.42*** | 0.001 |
| HOMA-IR | 0.07 | 0.67**C | 0.65*** | 0.001 |
| Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/l) | 0.003 | 0.06**B | 0.04*** | 0.001 |
| Fasting cholesterol (mmol/l) | 0.02 | 0.17 | 0.39***X | 0.001 |
| Fasting triglycerides (mmol/l) | 0.05* | 0.27***C | 0.32*** | 0.001 |

Results are from regression models for each of SBP, DBP, HOMA-IR, logarithm of fasting plasma glucose, total cholesterol and logarithm fasting triglycerides with waist circumference.

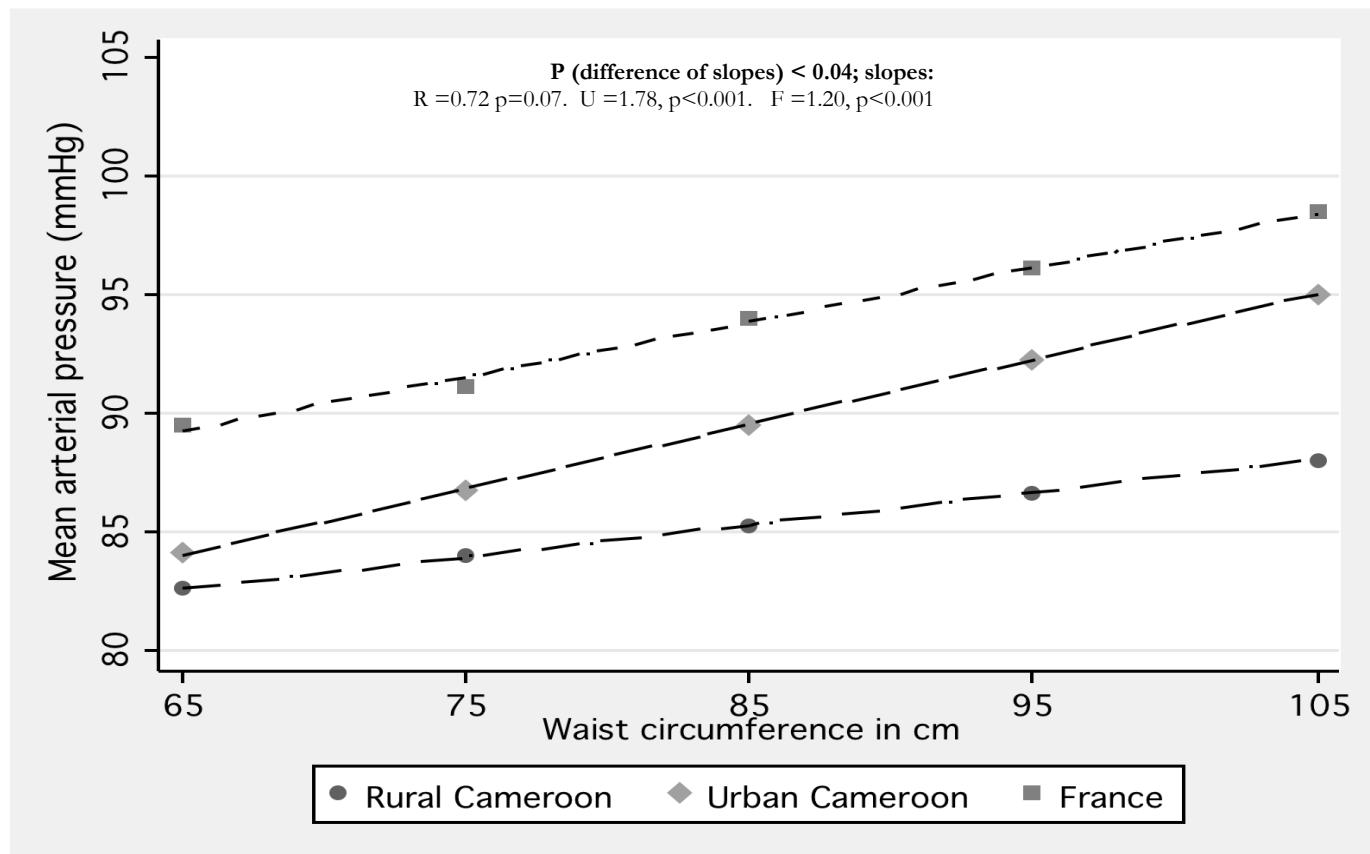
For the significance of each slope compared to zero slope in each model, * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p < 0.001.

For the comparison of slopes between urban and rural Cameroon, A = p<0.05; B = p<0.01; C = p < 0.001.

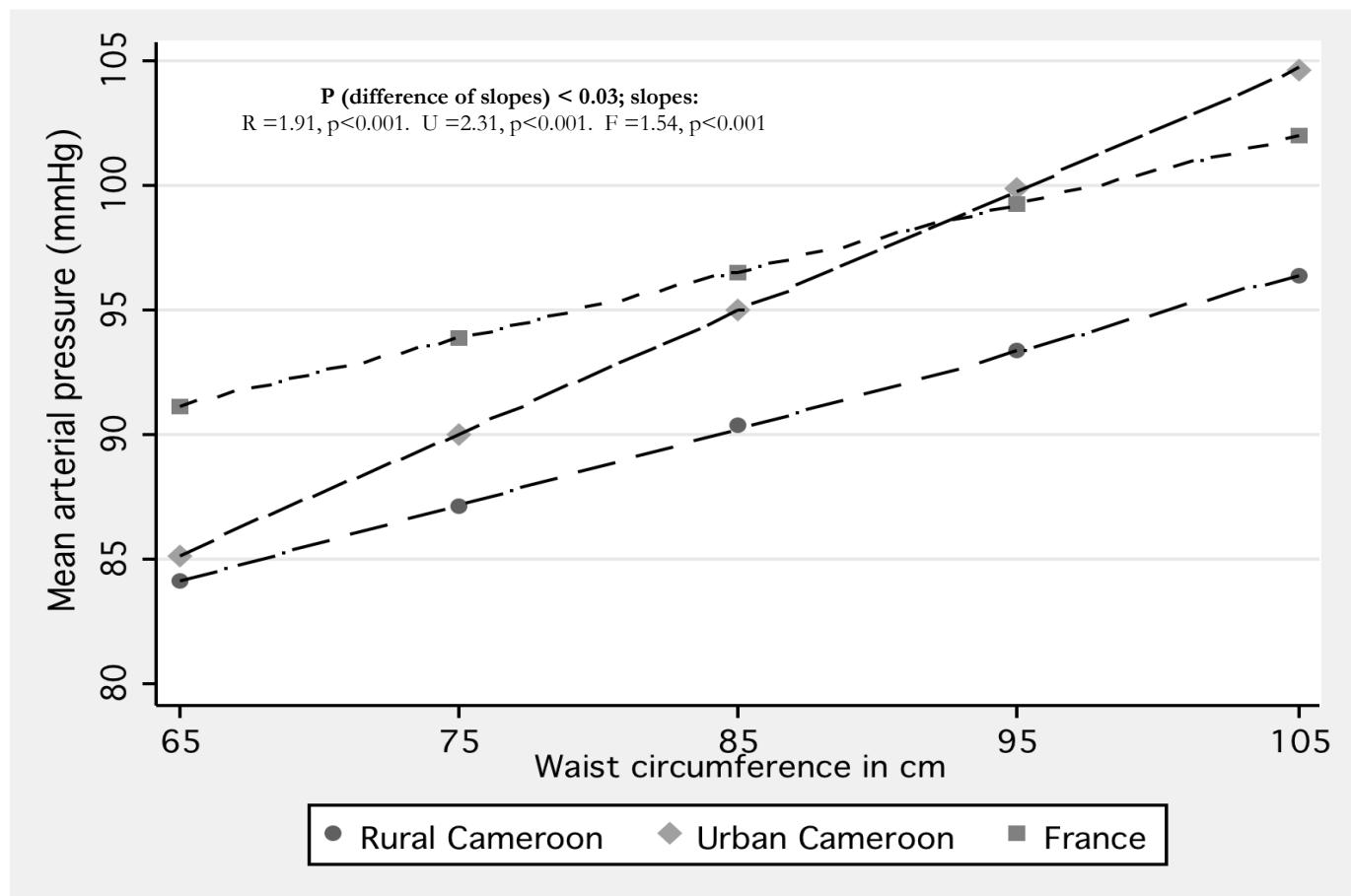
For the comparison of slopes between urban Cameroon and France, X = p<0.05; Y = p<0.01; Z = p < 0.001.

A

Women

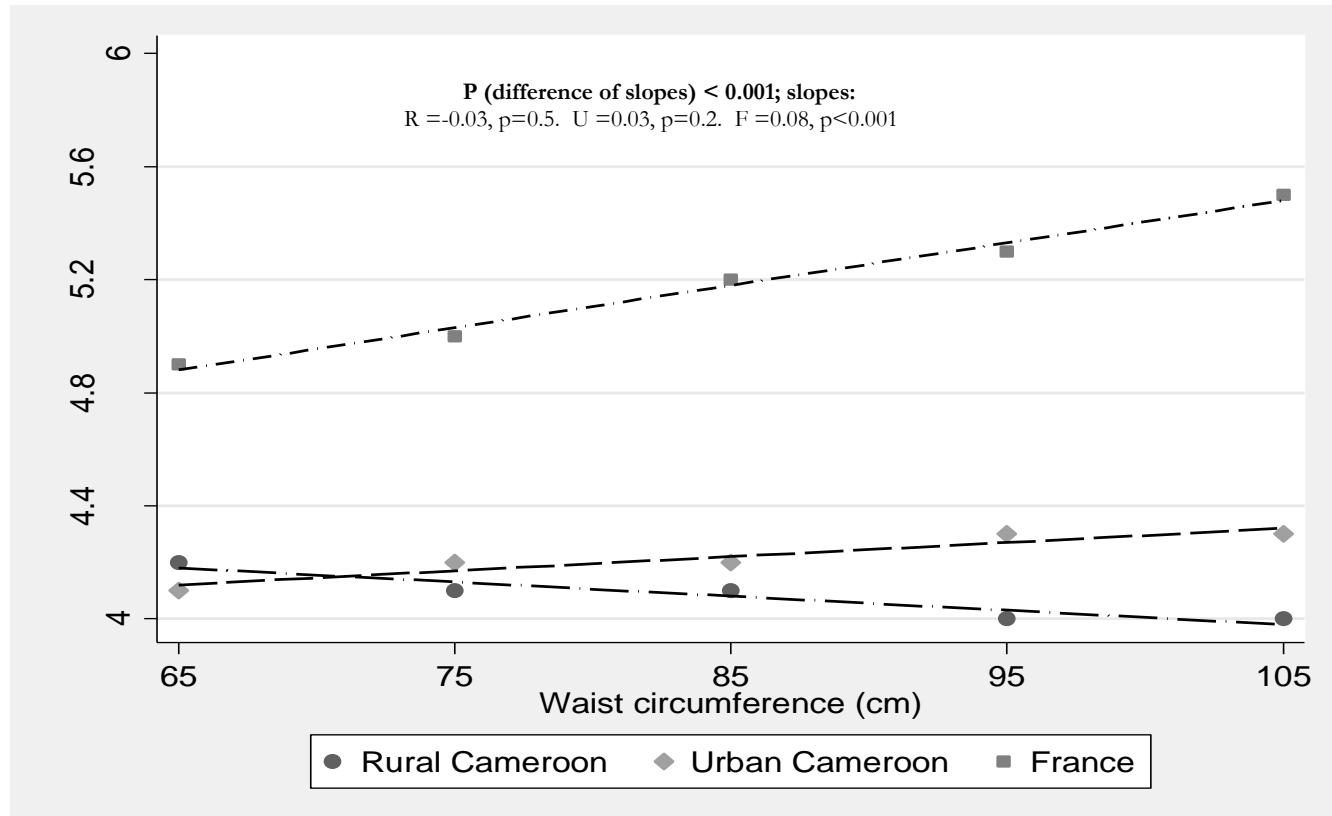


Men

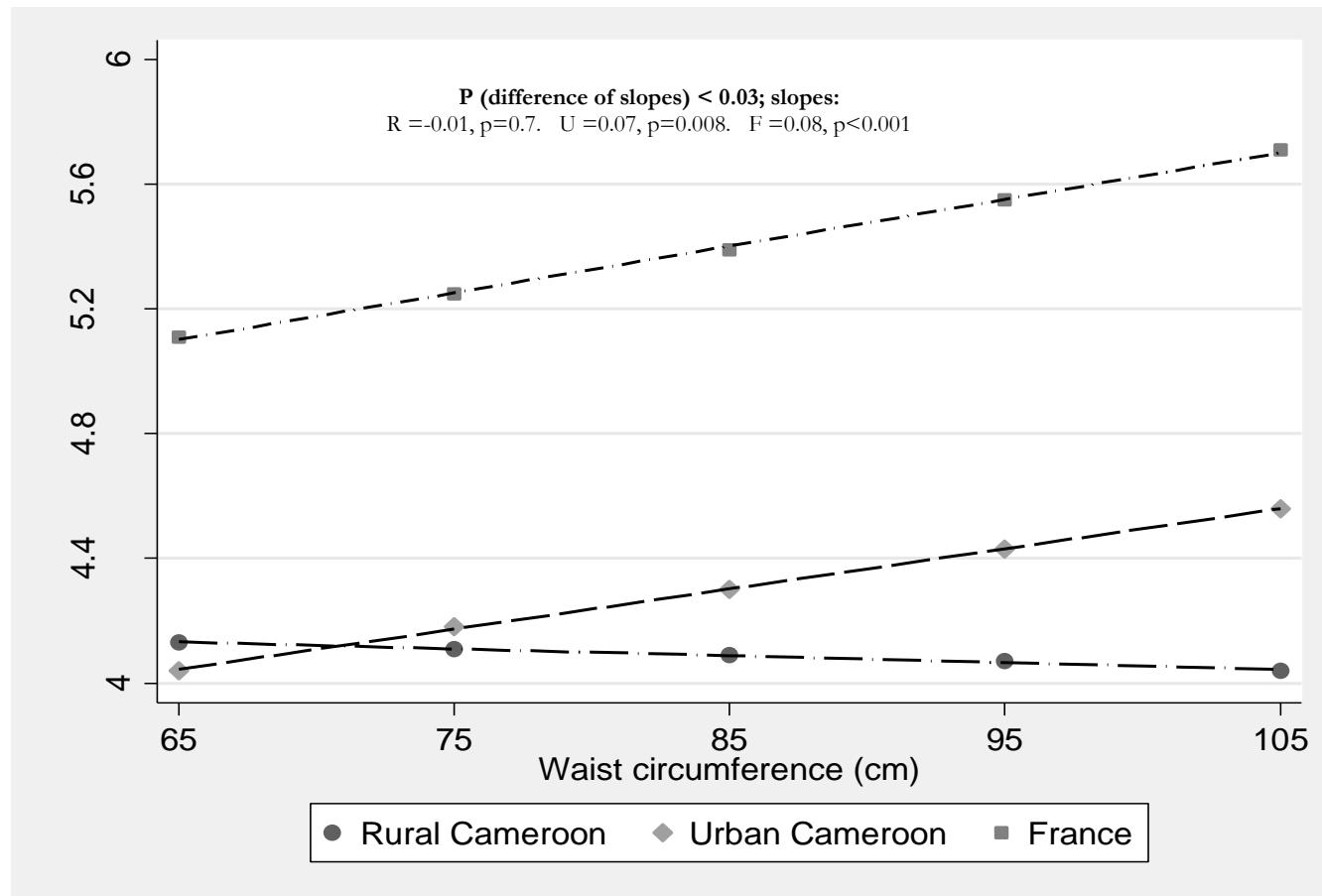


B

Women

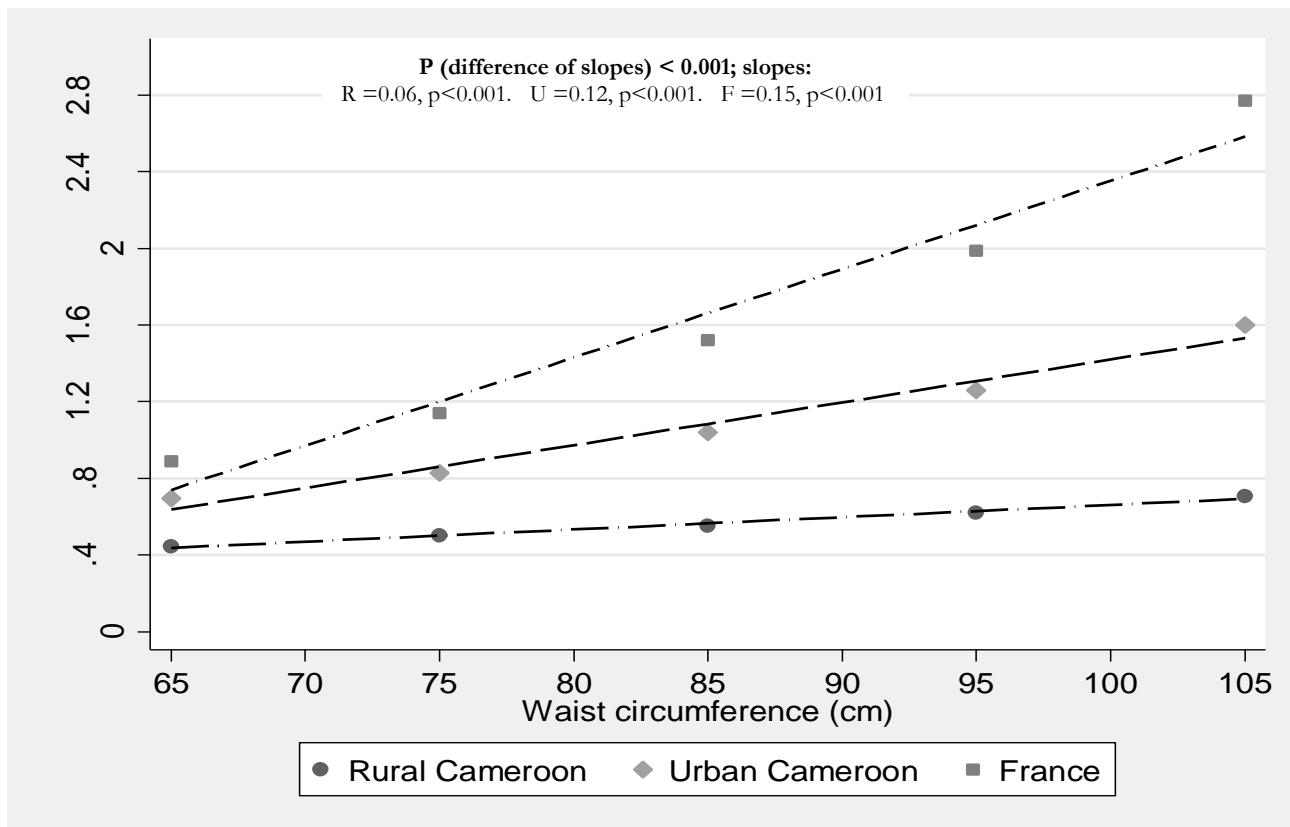


Men

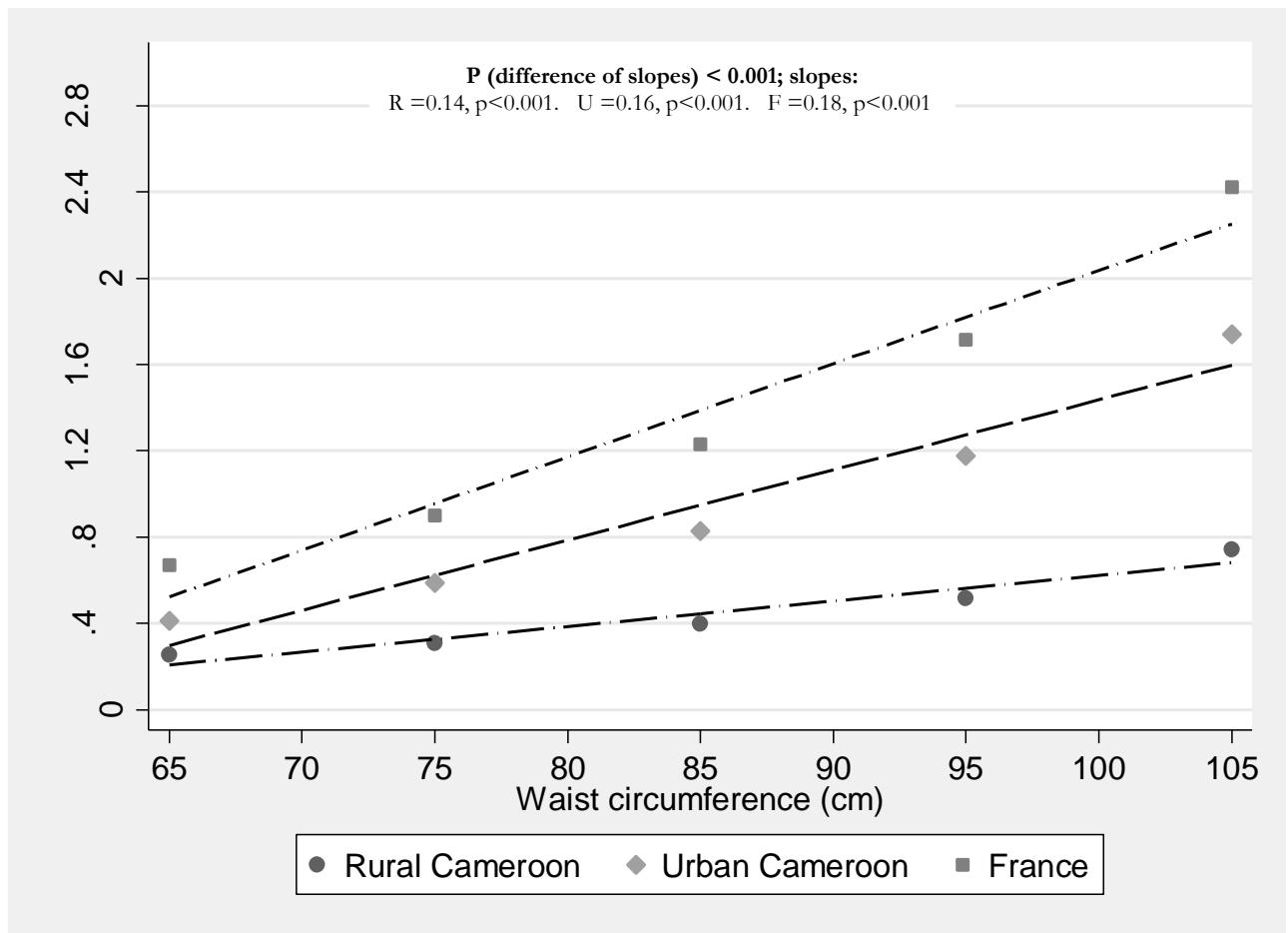


C

Women



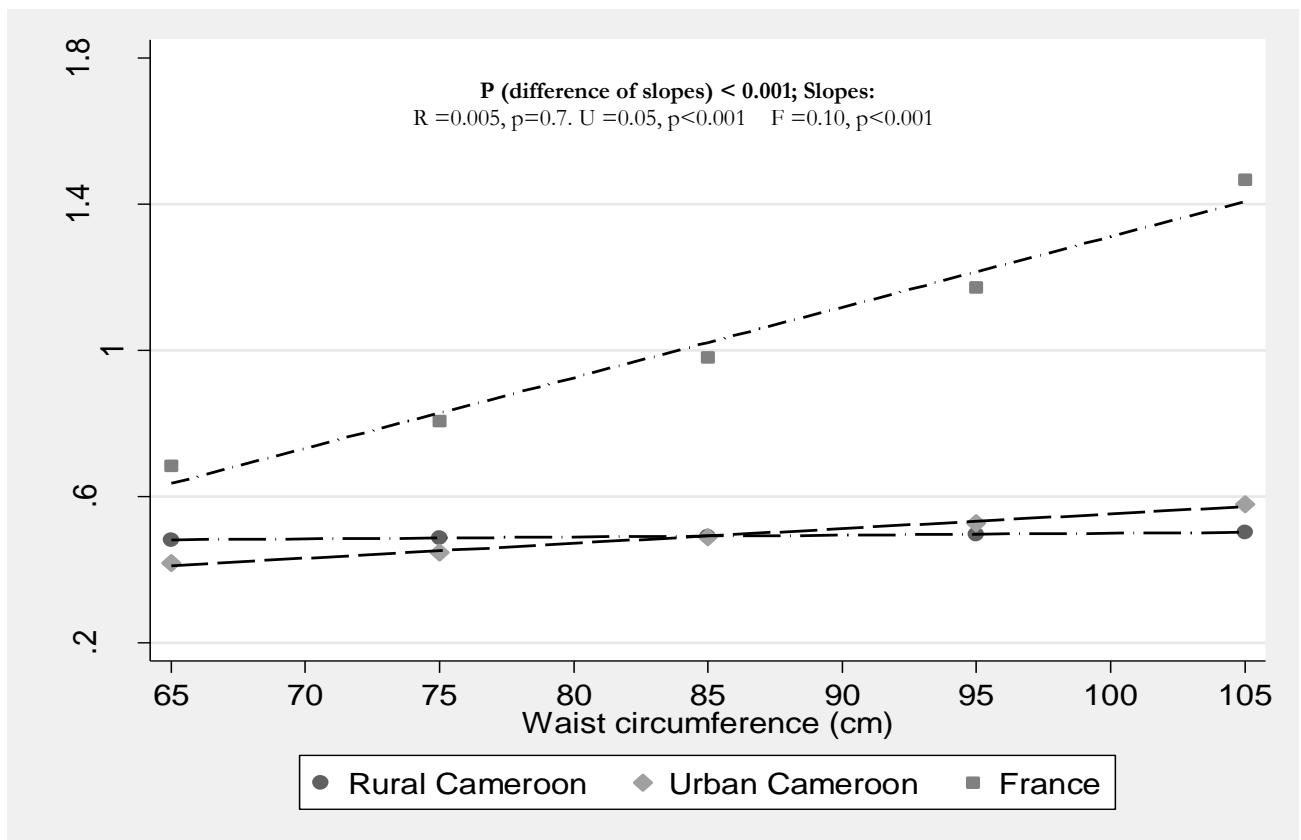
Men



E

D

Women



Men

