

Table 2. Echocardiographic features at the time of the study entry according to patient outcome.

	Death or acute HF or urgent heart transplant or assist device		
	Without (n=103)	With (n=33)	P
LV parameters			
LVEDD _{ind} , mm·m ⁻²	36.2±5.1	37.0±5.5	0.48
LVEF, %	28.5±8.1	22.8±7.1	<0.001
E _m , cm·s ⁻¹	81±32	95±29	0.015
E _m wave DT, ms	180±84	136±48	0.009
E _a , cm·s ⁻¹	6.6±2.9	6.7±3.8	0.83
E _m /E _a	14.5±8.2	18.1±10.4	<0.001
RV parameters			
RVFA, %	38±13	29±14	<0.001
TAPSE, mm	16.9±5.0	12.6±3.6	<0.001
PSV _{tdi} , cm·s ⁻¹	10.0±2.9	7.2±2.1	<0.001
ISW _{tdi} , cm·s ⁻¹	1.85±0.61	1.33±0.46	<0.001
sPAP, mmHg*	37±13	42±15	0.07

LVEDD_{ind}: Left Ventricular End Diastolic Diameter index to body surface area; Em: Early transmitral diastolic peak velocity; DT: deceleration time; Ea: Early mitral annular velocity; RVFA: Right ventricle Fractional Area; TAPSE: Tricuspid Annular Plane Systolic Excursion; PSV_{tdi}: Peak Systolic Velocity of the tricuspid annular measured in tissue Doppler imaging; ISW_{tdi}: integral of the systolic wave of the tricuspid annular measured in tissue Doppler

imaging; sPAP: systolic Pulmonary Artery Pressure, for the 120 patients with a tricuspid regurgitation.